

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VII.]

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1867.

[No. 1848.]

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday
WILL BE SOLD,

AT THE VENDUE STORE,
Corner of Prince and Water streets,
A variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.
Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day.

ALL kinds of goods which are on limita-
tion and the prices of which are established,
can at any time be viewed and purchased at the
lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

MARSTELLER AND YOUNG,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED,
A quantity of BEEF—Boston inspection—
No. 1 and 2—which will be sold on mode-
rate terms. Feb. 3.—d

Marsteller and Young,
Have just received, and will sell low if taken
from on board.

2000 bushels Turks Island Salt.
ALSO,

17 Tierces Barbadoes Molasses.
January 16.—d

Wanted to Purchase,
A Negro Man Servant, who has been ac-
customed to wait in a family, and can be well
recommended.—Enquire of the Printer.
November 10.—d

Wanted to Purchase,
A FEW ACRES of LAND, on the north
end of the town, to bind on the river or
nearly so. Apply to the Printer.
September 25.—d

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
500 Spanish Hides,
5 Tierces Clover Seed,
1 ditto Timothy,
AND
15 hogheads JAMAICA RUM.
Mordecai Miller.
January 20.—d

JUST RECEIVED
AND FOR SALE,
150 Sacks Liverpool fluted Salt, &
4000 Bushels do.
On very moderate terms.
Wm. Hodgson.
Jan. 3.—d

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBERS,
2 pipes L. P. Madeira WINE
2 half do. do.
6 pipes Cognac BRANDY, 4th proof
Walsworth & Butler,
WHO HAVE ON HAND,
20 hds. Jamaica RUM, 4th proof
10 do. St. Croix do. 2d & 3d do.
8 do. New-England do.
5 pipes Holland GIN
2 do. country do.
1 hhd. L. market Madeira Wine of a supe-
rior quality
4 quarter casks do. do. do. do.
3 do. do. L. P. Tenerife do. do.
6000 bushels Lisbon SALT.
January 1

For Sale or Rent,
A WELL finished three story BRICK
DWELLING HOUSE, containing 7
rooms, with wash house, kitchen, smoke
house, coach house and stable, and other ne-
cessary buildings all of brick, situate on Roy-
al street, a few doors from Gadsby's, and
near the market. For particulars apply to
Robert Patton.
February 9.—d

FOR SALE,
On advantageous terms,
The large commodious well-built three
story BRICK WAREHOUSE on King-street
occupied by Messrs. Richard Veitch & Co.—
Apply to
James Patton.
October 20.—d

13 hds. SUGAR of good quality,
23 bbls. do. do.
5 pipes 4th proof Brandy
4 qr. casks Sherry Wine of excellent
quality.
11 do. do. Malaga do. }
Boxes of Cotton Cards
Sacks of Licorice Root and Sago
Barrels of Clover and Herds Grass Seed
And a large quantity of Red Sole Leather.
For Sale by
Benjamin Shreve, Jun.
January 19.—d

Attention to this Notice.

THOSE persons who gave their bonds,
(the list of which I have) will please to
take notice that they ought to have settled
with me in May last for property purchased
by them.

I will, in one month from this date, if they
do not come forward and pay off what is just-
ly due, commence suits in chancery against
them.

Benjamin Dulany.

February 14. (27.) d2w

Spanish Hides.

1500 large heavy Spanish Hides
6000 wt. fine green Coffee—and
600 wt Indigo, Spanish Flotant
For sale by
M. MILLER.

February 20.—d

A TANNERY.

FOR SALE OR RENT,
A TANNERY, with convenient improve-
ments thereon, in the town of Center-
ville. Apply to Mr. Daniel Harrington at the
premises, or to the subscriber in Alexandria.
JOHN G. LADD.
February 25.—d

Dissolution of Partnership.

WILLIAM DOUGLASS intending to
retire from business in this place, the
partnership of Douglass & Mandeville is this
day dissolved by mutual consent, and Joseph
H. Mandeville is solely authorised to adjust
and settle all the accounts of the partnership.
It is earnestly requested that all persons in-
debted to them will settle the same with him
immediately, as longer indulgence cannot be
given.

William Douglass,
Joseph H. Mandeville.

January 3.—d

Joseph H. Mandeville
Intends to carry on the FLOUR and GRO-
CERY BUSINESS in the same manner & on
the same terms as heretofore done by D. and
M. and solicits a continuance of favors from
his friends.
January 3.—d

JOSEPH H. MANDEVILLE

KING-STREET,

At his Grocery & Flour Store,

HAS ON HAND AND OFFERS FOR SALE,

Muscovado SUGAR of various qualities

Moore's Loaf and Lump do.

MOLASSES in hds.

Havana HONEY

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson & } TEAS,
Hyson Skin } Of a good quality

COFFEE & CHOCOLATE

Spanish SEGARS in boxes

RAISINS in kegs and boxes

Jamaica and Antigua SPIRIT, old and good

Low priced West-India RUM

New-England do.

French and Peach BRANDY

Holland GIN

Rye WHISKEY

Stoughton's BITTERS in bottles

Manufactured TOBACCO

Mould and dip'd CANDLES

Coarse and fine Liverpool SALT in sacks

or by the bushel

American GUNPOWDER

Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Snuff in bot-
tles, Leading Lines and Bed Cords, Black Pep-
per, &c.

100 tons Plaster Paris.

20 bls. whole or gross HERRINGS

100 bls. cut do.

20 bls. SHAD

Clover Seed.

Cheshire CHEESE of an excellent quality.

—ALSO—

FLOUR constantly kept and selected for fa-
mily use.

January 3.—d

SEINE TWINE.

2,000 pounds excellent Seine Twine.

ALSO,

10 quarter casks Port Wine

10 boxes Spermaceti Candles

12 kegs fresh Raisins—
For sale by
James Sanderson.
January 19.—d

PUBLIC SALE.

On SATURDAY, the 14th of March, at 11
o'clock, will be sold on the premises,

One third part of that valuable
Property CENTER MILLS, together with
the Lands, improvements, &c. &c. adjoining,
known heretofore by the name of Fox
Mile Mills, situated half way between Alex-
andria and George-Town. A long credit will
be given for great part of the purchase mo-
ney. The above property being so generally
known it is supposed a more particular de-
scription is unnecessary.

And at the same time and place;

A variety of Household and Kitch-
en Furniture, &c. &c.

By order of Executors.

Philip G. Marsteller.

Feb. 28.—d

50 barrels of Tar,

For Sale by

M. MILLER.

February 18.—d

For Freight to Europe,

THE STANCH

FAST SAILING BRIG

PERSEVERANCE;

[Burden 190 tons]

Completely equipped and now ready
at a Hartshorne's wharf. Apply
To captain Samuel Jackson, on board, or
JOHN G. LADD.

Who has for Sale,

(NOW LANDING FROM SAID BRIG)

40 Barrels New Rum

12 Hds. Molasses

160 Barrels Sweet Cider

100 Casks Lime

100 Barrels Prime Beef

5 Pipes Holland Gin.
Feb. 20.—d

FOR RENT,

The STORE, on Prince-street, between
Fairfax and Prince-street, lately in the occu-
pation of Mr. Ramsay. It is well calculated
for a dry or wet goods store. The rent mo-
derate. Apply to
William Hodgson.
Sept. 25.—d

Suwarrow Boots.

JOHN G. FRANCIS,

From New-York,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public
that he manufactures Suwarrow Boots
with all the modern improvements, warranted
equal to any in the United States. After many
years of experience in his business, he has
discovered a new method of retaining the elas-
ticity in boots. He warrants to fit the leg be-
it ever so badly shaped. He makes boots of
various descriptions, viz. Suwarrows—Fair-
Tops, Three Quarters, Corsican Spring Toe,
Duck Bills, Round Toes, Bonaparte's Graves,
Jefferson's Boots and Shoes. He warrants to
fit the Suwarrow equal to the tuck boots.
Gentlemen will please to call and see for
themselves, at his shop in King-street, be-
tween Mr. Mott's and Mr. Hodgkin's tavern.
January 5.—d

N. B. He intends selling cheap for cash.

Patent Elastic Suspenders,
To be had, wholesale and retail, of the Pa-
tentee, next door below Mr. Alexander
McKenzie's, lower end of Prince-street, A-
lexandria.

THEY surpass any yet extant, for
ease, elegance, &c. Masters of vessels and
other gentlemen going to the West-Indies,
Spanish Main, &c. may be furnished with an
assortment, and a great allowance to those
who purchase by the quantity.

N. B. The buttons on the back parts of the
waistband ought to be placed the same distance
from each other, as the two center buttons on
the Suspenders, to prevent improper strain-
ing, and thereby destroying the ease designed
in the construction of the article.

Richard Horwell.

ALSO,

Red, Green, & Black Morocco
Leather,

By the dozen or single skin—for sale at
Horwell's Patent Suspender Manufactory, in
Prince-street.
July 8.—d

Printing, in its various branches,
handsomely executed at this office.

A Card.

MR. GENERES has the honor to
inform the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of Alex-
andria, that his BALLS will commence on
WEDNESDAY the fourth instant. He hopes
the LADIES will do him the honor of attend-
ing.
March 2.—3t

FRESH SEEDS.

NICHOLAS HINGSTON,

Respectfully informs the public, that he has
removed from King-street, to his old stand,
in Fairfax street.

Where he hath for sale,

Red and white Clover, just receiv-
ed; Timothy seed, Orchard Grass, Lucern—
and will receive by first arrival from London,
a quantity of Burnet and Rye Grass.

Also on hand, a general assortment of Kit-
chen Garden and Flower seeds and roots, Me-
dicinal and Bird seeds, Pot Herbs, &c. a quan-
tity of large Lombardy Poplars, young Lo-
cust and Peach trees, large Catalpas, and a
variety of flowering trees and shrubs. Also,
all kinds of Garden Utensils—best London
made Pruning Knives, Flower Pots, Chimney
Ornaments and Root Glasses, with a general
assortment of China, Glass and Queen's ware,
fresh Teas, and a good assortment of Groce-
ries.

March 3.—d

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust to the subscri-
ber, to secure the payment of certain sums of
money to the Bank of Alexandria, will be ex-
posed to sale, at public auction, on their re-
spective premises, on the 7th day of May
next, sundry parcels of Land, lying upon U-
nion, Water, Fairfax and Queen-streets, and
a twenty foot alley, on a credit of six, twelve,
and eighteen months, the purchaser giving
his notes with an approved indorser, for the
payment of the purchase money in three equal
payments, and further to secure the purchase
money, a deed of trust upon the land purcha-
sed.

James Keith, Trustee.

February 28.—d

10 bales Beerboom Gurrahs,

For Sale by

Joseph Riddle.

March 2.—d

Wanted to Charter,

A VESSEL

Of about 2000 barrels
burthen, to load for a
port in ENGLAND, to
which immediate dispatch
will be given. Apply to
JAMES PATTON.
February 17.—d

Just Received,

(Direct from LILVILL'S Comb Manufac-
tory, Baltimore)

A large and elegant assortment of
TORTOISE-SHELL COMBS,

OF THE MOST MODERN FASHION;
Which will be sold plain or sett, in any
way fancy may direct.

JOHN ADAM,

Silver Smith and Jeweller, King-street

February 27.—d

Salt, Wine, and Fruit.

The CARGO of the Brig AUGUSTA, Cap-
tain Davis, from Lisbon,

For sale, by

Lawraon and Fowle.

CONSISTING OF

2300 bushels COARSE SALT, suitable for
the fisheries.

25 quarter casks Lisbon Wine,
28 boxes Lemons.

10 do. Oranges.
8 nests Baskets.
February 26.—d

LANDING,

From the brig ACTIVE, and for sale, by
Lawraon & Fowle,

12 hds. clay'd
13 do. Muscovado } Sugars.
20 barrels do.

February 20.—d

FOR SALE,

An excellent Man Cook,
About 28 years of age. For terms apply
to the Printer.
March 2.—d

Proceedings of Congress.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The house of representatives continued in uninterrupted session on FRIDAY from ten o'clock A. M. to eight o'clock in the evening, and on SATURDAY, sat from ten A. M. to five P. M. when an adjournment took place till seven o'clock. Indisposition prevented us from attending the evening session of the last day; which likewise prevents our offering at present any more than a concise notice of the most important proceedings, reserving their detail for a future paper. — [Not. Int.]

Friday, February 27.

Mr. J. Randolph made an animated speech in order to shew that the 8th section of the act prohibiting the importation of slaves into the U. S. involved the exercise of a power not possessed by congress, which was subversive of the rights of property of the holders of slaves, and which might eventuate in their general emancipation; and concluded by asking leave to present a bill to explain and amend that act.

After some remarks from Messrs. Goldsborough, Quincy, Lyon, Fisk and Smilie, Mr. J. Randolph varied his motion so as to appoint a committee to bring in a bill; this motion was agreed to—ayes 61.

A short time after Mr. Randolph presented from the committee the following explanatory act.

"Whereas doubts have arisen, or may arise, touching the construction of the 8th section of the act, of which this act is explanatory, and whereas congress disclaim and disavow all constitutional right, title, or authority whatsoever, by any legislative act in any wise to abridge, modify, or affect the right of property of masters of slaves, not imported into the U. S. contrary to law, in and to such slaves; Therefore,

"Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the senate & house of representatives of the U. S. of America, in congress assembled, That nothing contained in the 8th or any other section of the aforesaid act, shall be construed to abridge, modify, or affect, in any manner whatever, the full, complete, and absolute right of property of the owner or master of any slave, such slave not being imported contrary to law, in and to such slave, and such owner, or master, as aforesaid, shall not be subjected to any disability, or liable to any fine, penalty, or forfeiture, although such master, or owner, or his or her agent may have transported any such slave, not being imported contrary to law, with intent to sell the same, from one port or place within the United States, to any other port or place in a vessel of less burthen than forty tons."

The act having been read twice, Mr. J. Randolph moved that it be engrossed for a third reading.

Mr. Quincy moved its reference to a committee of the whole.

Mr. J. Randolph warmly opposed this motion. He set forth the deep stake the southern states had in immediately arresting the invasion of their rights made by the 8th section, and the consequent necessity of passing the explanatory law this session, which would not be done, unless it passed the house without delay, as it was in the power of a single member of the senate to prevent the passage of a bill unless read on three several days. He added that he trusted, if this bill did not pass, that the Virginia delegation would wait on the president, to remonstrate against his giving his sanction to the act which had passed.

Messrs. Fisk, Quincy, Thomas & Rhea of Tenn. advocated the reference of the bill to a committee of the whole, and its being printed, previously to consideration. They expressed their willingness to agree to any proposition, that should not go to hazard the great objects of the bill passed by the two houses; but their indisposition to act precipitately on a subject of so much importance.

The question was taken on referring the bill to a committee of the whole; and carried—ayes fifty eight—noes forty.

Mr. J. Randolph moved that it be made the order for this day.

A motion was also made to make it the order for to-morrow.

On this last motion the yeas and nays were taken, and were yeas sixty, nays forty nine—when the bill was ordered to be printed.

The house agreed to consider the report of the committee of the whole on the appropriation bill.

Mr. Alston moved that the house should again resolve itself into a committee of the whole on this bill; and said, his purpose was, in case they should, to move a new section repealing the duty of 8 cents on salt from the 1st of July, and that of 12 cents from the 1st of Jan. and continuing the Mediterranean fund until the 1st of Jan. next.

After a few remarks from several gentlemen this motion was disagreed to, yeas 39, noes 53, principally on the ground of impropriety of introducing such provisions in the appropriation bill.

The report of the committee of the whole to the appropriation bill was then considered, and the bill ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

A message was received from the Senate stating that they had postponed until the next session the bill relative to the redemption of the public debt, providing for the reimbursement of the 3 per cents in case of the refusal of the holders to come to the new loan.

Mr. Alston moved for leave to bring in a bill for the repeal of the duties on salt, &c.

This motion was declared by the speaker, and the house to be out of order, the standing rules of the house requiring a day's notice of such motion.

Mr. Jackson then moved for the appointment of a committee to inquire into expediency of repealing the duties on salt, and continuing for a limited time the Mediterranean fund.

A division of the question was called for.

On agreeing to the first part of the motion, a long and interesting debate ensued. It was advocated by Messrs. Jackson, Alston, Smilie, Bidwell, Sloan, Varnum, Fisk, Epper, and Burwell, and opposed by Messrs. Quincy, J. Randolph, R. Nelson, Elmer, Ely, Lloyd and Lyon; when the question was taken by yeas and nays, and the first member of the motion was carried, yeas 60, nays 40.

Mr. J. Randolph spoke against agreeing to the second member of the motion: which was carried;—Yeas 46—Nays 43.

When the whole motion was agreed to, yeas 44, nays 39.

In this debate all the speakers declared themselves in favor of repealing the duties on salt; the diversity of sentiment and vote arose from the mode in which it was attempted to effect this object. The opponents of the motion contended that it became the Senate and not the house to take the proposed step which they said was not likely to answer the end contemplated.

The friends of the motion, on the other hand, urged the policy of pursuing every mean in their power to effect so important an object; and declared their confidence, that on a proper understanding between the two houses it would be accomplished.

As soon as the last vote had been taken, a motion was made that the committee should consist of three members.

On putting this question it was found that there was not a quorum of members present.

A call of the house was then ordered for the purpose of noting the absentees.

The call having been made, and a quorum not appearing to be present, an adjournment took place about 8 o'clock.

On SATURDAY the house passed the general appropriation bill, & several other bills of minor consideration, and transacted a good deal of other business.

A committee was appointed on the motion of Mr. Jackson relative to a repeal of the duties on salt, &c. from which committee Mr. Fisk presented a bill, corresponding in its objects with the intimation of Mr. Alston, on moving for a recommitment of the appropriation bill, which was referred to a committee of the whole house that day.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

LOWER ELBE, Dec. 9.

Till now the British property, declared under confiscation, has not been delivered up or seized; nor have any domiciliary visits been made. The senate has, it is said, obtained a further delay, till the return of their deputation. They reached Berlin on the 1st inst. but finding both Napoleon and Talleyrand gone to Posen, they sent a courier to the latter to know whether audience will be granted to them. The members of the British factory established here, were to be sent off yesterday to Metz, but, at their urgent request, their departure as prisoners of war for France will not take place till next Sunday the 14th inst. They consist of the following

unfortunate gentlemen: William Alexander-Barrhew, esq. treasurer; James Collman, esq. secretary; Mathew Boynton, esq. James Stephen, esq. James Kenney, esq. John Cock, esq. John Thornton, esq. T. Lodge, esq. Thomas Blacker, esq. George Smith, esq. and George Whitaker, esq. Mr. James Sturtevant has fortunately escaped, for, being on a journey, and hearing that the French had taken possession of Lubeck, he immediately came to Hamburg, secured his effects and warehouse, and provided for his safety in Denmark. The police in Altona will not suffer any British fugitives to remain there any longer. This is said to be done at the request of the French. The unfortunate members of the British factory are to lose the whole of their property and effects, and only a change of linen and clothes will be allowed to go with them to France. Their families will become dependent on the generosity of their friends either in England or here. It is however to the credit and honor of Mrs. Thornton and Mrs. Blacker, and some other ladies, that they are determined to follow their husbands. Till now other British subjects, still at Hamburg, have remained unmolested.

Important negotiations are said to be pending now between France and Denmark, which are, however, carried on with the utmost secrecy.

LONDON, Jan. 1—3.

All the accounts from Germany and France assert that the new levies in France are pressing with extraordinary activity; and that Bonaparte is draughting France and the states of the Rhenish confederacy, of men who are proceeding towards Poland and Istria and Dalmatia, with the double view of executing his intentions with respect to Poland, and of co-operating with the Turks against the Russians upon Turkish ground.

By letters from Malmoe, in Sweden, of the first inst. the king of Sweden has ordered his whole army, of between 80 and 90,000 men, exclusive of militia, to hold itself in readiness to march. In Finland great naval and military preparations were making. A division of the galley fleet is ordered to Stralsund.

The only affair between the French and Russians, mentioned in the journals, is in Davoust's letter to Dombrowski, in which it is stated that a detachment of French cavalry was attacked on the 22d ult. by 3 or 600 Cossacks at Lawiez. The combat lasted the whole of the day. "The French (says Davoust) defended themselves bravely against the Cossacks, who suffered very considerable loss." It is evident, even from the vaunting Frenchman's own account, that the conflict was bloody, and that the Cossacks fought with their usual bravery.

Bonaparte was in Posen on the 3d inst. busily employed in parading the town, with a Polish guard of honor, &c. receiving deputations, and calling on the Poles in proclamations and speeches to arm in defence of their liberty. "If the blood (says Napoleon) in one of these orations) of the brave Poles still flows in their veins, every one of them will arm: be it their aim to be free and to be a nation, or to die! Their fate is now in their hands; I expect they will convince me of their bravery and spirit. Let me see the fruits of their zeal; I want not words or assurances. Let me see the legions and cohorts of a respectable army, fighting by the side of my soldiers!" It is not a matter of doubt that the Poles are prodigal of their words and assurances, but as to any thing further we have yet to learn; nor is it a convincing proof of their enthusiasm to join the standards of their deliverer, that Dombrowski, in his proclamation is reduced to the necessity of ordering the police magistrates to seize on all deserters and vagabonds of all descriptions, to swell the noble Polish legions; so that if they cannot be drawn they must be goaded. The number of Poles that have ranged themselves on the side of the French are inconsiderable, not sufficient, it seems, in point of number, to enable Bonaparte to announce their independence; for the Paris article of the 2d inst. states, that when the deputation of the palatinate manifested a wish that he would proclaim their independence, Napoleon answered, that he would not issue the proclamation "until the Poles were determined to defend their rights, not only by arms, but also by means of every sacrifice, even that of their lives." The immense force which Russia has brought into the field, the prospect of a protracted war, and the spirit displayed by a handful of Cossacks, will induce the Poles, perhaps, to pause, before they stake their ALL on the result of the campaign.

We understand that government received advice of rather encouraging nature by the messenger who arrived on Saturday from Husum. Neither the surrender of Glogau and Grudenz, nor the occupation of Thorn, by the French, are credited. Exclusive of the extensive garrisons in the line of the Vistula, his Prussian majesty was at the head of an army of upwards of 50,000 men, between Osterode & Königsberg. The Russians actually arrived in Prussian Poland are computed at 150,000 men. It was supposed that this united army would advance as soon as the artillery belonging to the latter arrived, which through a strange arrangement, proposed by Prussia, who undertook to supply it, was left behind.

Several commercial houses in the city have, by the Husum mails, received large remittances from their correspondents in Hamburg.

The letters from Altona mention that an extensive and alarming dysentery, the consequence of forced marches, bad and scanty provisions, and constant exposure to all most continual rains, prevailed amongst the French troops in Poland. It is computed that a fifth, some accounts say one fourth of the army has been attacked in this way, and that the hospitals at Berlin, Custrin, Stettin, and other places, are scarcely sufficient to contain the vast number of sick. This of itself is sufficient cause for the otherwise unaccountable inactivity of the enemy since they entered Poland.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4.

Report says the British minister has received a copy of the treaty lately concluded between our ministers and Great-Britain, and has shewn it to the President who is much dissatisfied with its provisions, and the probability it will not be ratified—one of the obnoxious provisions is said to be a stipulation for an alliance offensive and defensive, provided certain apprehensions shall be realised.

Both houses of Congress have passed the bill reducing the duty on salt from and after the first of June to 12 cents, and abolishing the whole after the 30th of December next, and continuing the Mediterranean fund till the 30th December, 1807.

PROCLAMATION.

IT is hereby made known, that the Commissioners for superintending the election of sixteen persons as Members of the Common Council of Alexandria, for the ensuing year, have by their several returns declared the following gentlemen duly elected:—

First Ward.—Thomas Preston, Aaron Hewes, Elisha Janney, and Ben. Shreve jun.

Second Ward.—Hugh Smith, Outhbert Powell, James M'Guire, and John Young.

Third Ward.—John McKenney, Chas. Lee, Phineas Janney, and Jonathan Swift.

Fourth Ward.—James H. Hoob, John Coghagen, James Russell, and Chas. McKnight.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the Corporation, this 5th of March, 1807.

(Seal.) JONAH THOMPSON, Mayor of Alexandria.

Arrived, brig John, captain Martin, 21 days from Jamaica—Ballast—James Patton.

By this arrival we have received a file of Jamaica papers to the 7th of February, from which the following extracts are made:

KINGSTON, Feb. 6.

Intelligence having been received at Barbados, that an expedition is fitting out at Guadaloupe to be sent against Dominica, an embargo was immediately laid on all vessels there; and admiral Cosgrove, in the Northumberland, with 8 other men of war, having on board part of the 15th regiment, sailed from Carlisle Bay on the 22d ult. for the purpose of blockading Guadaloupe. The embargo was taken off at Barbados the day the packet arrived at that island.

FEB. 7.

We learn that a reinforcement of 300 men, consisting of seamen and marines will proceed immediately from this port, Curacao, and that captain Brisbane, of the Arethusa, goes there as governor.

We understand that a French private schooner called the Victoria, carrying 18 pounder a midships, and some other guns, has been lately captured by one of the vessels of war cruising off the west end of the island, and sent into Savannah-la-mar.

The Globe of Nov. 18 says, that the suspension of the duke of Sussex's appointment

ment to the of lord Cate of Good Hations in the

His majesty's captain H. at Barbados previously named island, from O quicksilver, 60 to 70,000

A neutral arrived at Barb bringing in the French frigate the 16th, and a brig of war his majesty's who having dalooupe, and privateer, and for her in the and then reced out on nea my's frigate, ately closed o completely u ant Carr, un aca to sacr rendered to of evincing sedly know capture the N sailed on the ward of Barb

An tier o was likewise rid into Pe Grouper sch

On the 18th Venus, captai

does with the minee, of 16 g ed by M. Laa in with on he a chase of fife tured her. Sh successful priv but had not tak though 19 days

Lieutenant C majesty's brig ult. on board the

tain Harvy ly does, for the l tured by a Fre the 19th Decem

vestigation, hi unanimously a sword returned

by captain Harv the court. It

licent Carr's go immediately u

under Cochras cent captured

now commissio in the room of my.

Extract of a let tleman.

"Our politica try; still contin footing, and our

ito into Algesira most frivolous

anxiety to hear e to know whether

by our govern worse than they

daily, and there ing redress; our

drid, Mr. Irvin indeed receives addresses to the

From the

JERSEY Mammoth Ox

weeks since a pai by Mr. James H county. One of

killed; its weigh Weight alive

of the be of the te of the hi

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Raised and bu o of New Egypt, by

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hogs, weighing in sand six hundred largest hog weigh smallest two hun pounds, they avera lbs. The oldest months, and the yo

and that government receive, other encouraging nature by who arrived on Saturday. Neither the surrender of Odessa, nor the occupation of the French, are credited. The extensive garrisons in Geniz, and other places on the Vistula, his Prussian majesty, had of an army of upwards of 100,000 men. Between Osterode & Ko. Russians actually arrived and are computed at 150,000. It is supposed that this united army as soon as the artillery of the latter arrived, which through the arrangement, proposed by Prussia, took to supply it, was left in the city. The Prussian mails, received large from their correspondents in the city. From Altona mention that an alarming dysentery, the consequence of marches, bad and constant exposure to all kinds of rains, prevailed amongst the troops in Poland. It is computed, some accounts say one army has been attacked in the hospitals at Berlin, and other places, are not to contain the vast number of itself is sufficient. The warwise unaccountable inactivity since they entered Poland.

Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, March 4.

The British minister has received the treaty lately concluded between the United States and Great Britain, and the President who is much interested in its provisions, and the probability of its ratification—one of the objects is said to be a stipulation for the maintenance of the provisions of the treaty, and the ratification shall be realized.

of Congress have passed the duty on salt from and after the 12th of December next, the Mediterranean fund till the 1807.

DECLARATION.

made known, that the Commissioning the election of the Members of the Common Council, for the ensuing year, several returns declared the following duly elected:—

—Thomas Preston, Aaron Canney, and Ben. Shreve jun. —Hugh Smith, Cuthbert Powrie, and John Young.

—John McKenney, Chs. Lee, and Jonathan Swift.

James H. Hooe, John C. Russell, and Chs. McKnight.

any whereof I have heretofore and the seal of the Corporation this 5th of March, 1807.

H. THOMPSON, MAYOR of Alexandria.

John, captain Martin, 21 Ballast—James Pav

val we have received a file of the 7th of February, the following extracts are

KINGSTON, Feb. 6. having been received at the expedition is fitting out to be sent against Dominica, as immediately laid on all and admiral Cosgrove, in the island, with 8 other men of board part of the 15th from Carlisle Bay on the purpose of blockading. The embargo was taken off the day the packet arrived at

at a reinforcement of 300 of seamen and marines immediately from this city that captain Brisbane, goes there as governor, and that a French privateer, the Victoria, carrying 1000 lbs. of powder, and some other lately captured off the war, and sent into Savannah

of Nov. 18 says, that the duke of Sussex's appointment

ment to the government of Jamaica, and of lord Caledon's departure for the Cape of Good Hope, occasioned various speculations in the political world.

His majesty's ship, Circe, of 32 guns, captain H. Pigott, from Tortola, arrived at Barbadoes on the 22d December, having previously captured and sent to the first named island, a very valuable ship of 700 tons, from Cadiz bound to Vera Cruz with quicksilver, and supposed to be worth from 60 to 70,000 sterling.

A neutral vessel from Martinique, arrived at Barbadoes on the 27th December, bringing information that the Themis French frigate sailed from that island on the 16th, and on the 19th, in company with a brig of war, captured and carried in there his majesty's brig Netly, lieutenant Carr, who having perceived the enemy off Guadaloupe, and imagining the brig to be a privateer, and the other her prize, stood for her in the hope of first securing her, and then recapturing the prize, but it turned out on nearer approach, to be the enemy's frigate and corvette, which immediately closed on the Netly, and got her so completely under their guns, that lieutenant Carr, unwilling by any useless resistance to sacrifice the lives of his men, surrendered to them without an opportunity of evincing that courage which he is confessedly known to possess. Soon after her capture the Netly was fitted for sea, and sailed on the 24th Dec. to cruise to windward of Barbadoes.

An tier of his majesty's small vessels, was likewise reported to be taken and carried into Point-a-Petre, said to be the Grampus, lieutenant Dwyer.

On the 18th ultimo, his majesty's ship Venus, captain Mason, arrived at Barbadoes with the French privateer brig Determinee, of 16 guns and 108 men, commanded by M. Lamarque, which the Venus fell in with on the 17th, at 10 A. M. and after a chase of fifteen hours going large, captured her. She had been one of the most successful privateers out of Guadaloupe, but had not taken any thing this cruise, although 19 days at sea.

Lieutenant Carr, late commander of his majesty's brig Netly, was tried on the 20th ult. on board the Canada, of 74 guns, captain Harvey, lying in Carlisle bay, Barbadoes, for the loss of the said vessel, captured by a French frigate and corvette on the 19th December; when after a full investigation, himself, officers and crew were unanimously acquitted, and he had his sword returned in a very handsome manner by captain Harvey, who sat as president of the court. It is a strong testimony to lieutenant Carr's good conduct and merit that immediately upon his acquittal, sir Alexander Cochrane appointed him to the recent captured privateer brig Determinee, now commissioned and called the Nerley, in the room of the one taken by the enemy.

Extract of a letter from an American gentleman.

Cadiz, Dec. 23 1806. "Our political relations with this country, still continue on the most unfriendly footing, and our vessels are daily carried into Algeiras and condemned on the most frivolous pretext.—We wait with anxiety to hear of the meeting of congress to know whether any thing will be done by our government, for things cannot be worse than they are. We are insulted daily, and there is no possibility of obtaining redress; our charge d'affaires in Madrid, Mr. Irving can do nothing—hardly indeed receives an answer to the letters he addresses to the government here."

(Phil. pap.)

From the Trenton Federalist.

JERSEY BEEF & PORK.

Mammoth Ox.—We mentioned some weeks since a pair of large Oxen fattened by Mr. James Hunt of Hopewell in this county. One of the Oxen has since been killed; its weight was as follows:

Weight alive 2120 lbs.

of the beef 1280

of the tallow rough 214

of the hide 121

COMMUNICATION.

The industrious farmer rewarded.

Raised and bred within the vicinity of New Egypt, by Mr. Francis Shinn, farmer, and bought by Mr. Barzillai Hopkins, merchant of said place, thirty six hogs, weighing in the whole twelve thousand six hundred and seven pounds.—The largest hog weighed 474 pounds, and the smallest two hundred and ninety seven pounds, they averaged more than 360 3/4 lbs. The oldest hog did not exceed 18 months, and the youngest 10 months. The

amount of this crop of pork, according to our market, amounts to 1136 dollars 43 cents—a handsome compensation to industry.

New Egypt, Feb. 2.

A letter received at the coffee house in this city, from a correspondent in Bordeaux, dated the 8th of January, 1807, says, "There are reports of a great battle having taken place between the French and Russians, in which the latter have experienced a signal defeat."

Baltimore American.

The city of Venice has been bombarded by a British squadron, and the gunboats fitted out there are destroyed. The British have also landed in Pola, and destroyed all the Italian batteries and redoubts. At Macarsa, in Dalmatia, six Russian frigates have landed troops, who stop the communication with Ragusa.

The causes of treasons and conspiracies, briefly and correctly ascertained.

To whom are the treasons and conspiracies, that now agitate the minds of our citizens, endanger the safety of our country, and, in their consequences, establish military despotism, most justly imputable?

We do not hesitate to answer, that they are most justly imputable to that man, who, invested with the high character of CHIEF MAGISTRATE, and CONSERVATOR of the peace and dignity of the United States, could so far forget what he owed to himself, to his country, and to her tranquility, as to countenance and reward rebellion against the laws, by calling to the most important office in his nomination an INSURGENT, who had devoted to vengeance any citizen that should dare to execute a law of the United States, and who had excited a commotion that cost the nation one million two hundred thousand dollars. And yet to such a man, and such a magistrate, addresses are daily offered to solicit his consent to continue in office!

[Phil. Reg.]

The proceedings at Orleans.—"It is the most transcendent privilege which any subject can enjoy or wish for, that he cannot be affected either in his property, his liberty, or his person, but by the unanimous consent of twelve of his neighbors and equals." This observation once so consolatory to every American bosom, excites in our hearts at this moment the most painful sensations. The present scene is replete with wonders. In Europe there prevails a desolating activity, in this country we behold at one time a fatal imbecility at another an injudicious precipitation. In the territories of a federal republic, though untrammelled by the calamities of war; the inhabitants are deprived of their rights and privileges by a military commander, whom every man, with a clear head and honest heart hath scorned, since first he gave up the lance for the pomp and splendor, of his military career. Perhaps we may have reason on some future day to mitigate the censure which we are now inclined to throw on General Wilkinson. At any rate he deserves our reprehension, for his fulsome adulation and base persecution. This signior Pomposo we have never known to act with the gallantry of a soldier, or to step with the dignity of an upright citizen. Indeed, we are so well acquainted with the littleness of his soul, that we are induced to believe, some of his measures are sanctioned and approved of by our executive.

This observation will excite no surprise in those who have studied the character, and heard of the achievements of Mr. Jefferson. As to ourselves we have long since set him down in our book of classification as a non-descript. He is a creature, sometimes so fantastical and theoretical, sometimes so humble and so skulking, that we cannot view him but with pity and contempt. From the chief Magistrate of our country we expect dignity of sentiment. If his operations are decisive and his feelings honorable many will be found to pardon the blunders of his head, and attribute to him some honesty of heart. But this President of ours, this choice disciple of Sir Thomas Moore, has been whining and economising, and shivering, since first he read his gracious inauguration speech to a deluded collection of new imported, especially illuminated democrats. No dangers have inspired into him a noble emotion. He seems to have even no latent energies. Devoid of the genius, and unfriendly to the energetic policy of Burke, he spurns the doctrine "that sometimes adventurous boldness is solid wisdom." The subject on which we now write, has interested the best feelings of many of our fellow-citizens. It was warmly and ably discussed during the last week in the House of Representatives. During the discussion Mr. Randolph shone with superior lustre. With his usual pungency he commented on the conduct of Wilkinson and with the dauntless intrepidity of a patriot he averred that even Jefferson should be punished when he deserved it. It is with regret we state that notwithstanding this gentleman told the disciples of

our President many salutary truths, notwithstanding he commented on their niggard policy with an almost unparalleled acumen Mr. Broom's motion "for an enquiry, as to the writ of habeas corpus" was negatived.

Frederick-Town Herald.

INFORMATION WANTED.

ANTONIO MARLOWICZ, a Ragusan, lately arrived in this country, and now resident in Boston, wishes to learn the residence of Mr. Boscare Yaspritzer, of Ragusa. The editors of papers throughout the United States, are requested to insert this notice, and any letters on the subject may be addressed to the Chronicle Office, Boston.

BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

BALTIMORE, March 3.

The mail which arrived last evening did not bring the New York papers which were due by it. The occasion of the failure was the non-arrival of the New York mail at Philadelphia previous to the departure of the mail from the latter place for Baltimore. We learn however from private information, that the British packet for January had arrived at New York; letters by which were received in this city last night, bearing the London post mark of a date as late as the ninth of January. These letters were sent on by express by the post master at Philadelphia, after the Baltimore mail had been dispatched in consequence of their being among them dispatches for the government of the United States which the postmaster at Philadelphia concluded contained the treaty lately signed at London between America and Great Britain. These dispatches were received here last night with other letters, and will doubtless be forwarded with all possible expedition to Washington city, in order to afford the president an opportunity of laying it before the senate; if that indeed be possible, as the session of congress closes to night at 12 o'clock.

LATE FROM PARIS.

By the arrival of the William Penn from Bordeaux, Paris papers have been received to the date of January 3d inclusive. A gentleman of this city has politely favored us with the loan of a file of the Paris Argus from December 4th to the above date. This file does not contain the announcement of any important event; but there are several articles which we are sure will be interesting to our readers. These we shall lay before them with all possible speed.

Reports prevailed at Paris on the 3d of Jan. that a rupture between the U. S. and Great Britain was certain.

The Poles are organizing themselves into military squadrons under the orders of gen. Dombrowski.

The presence of the French at Warsaw has given that place an air of great activity. They have Italian, French and Polish theatres open there.

The negotiations between the Porte and the Servian insurgents have been broken off; and Czeron Georges has recommenced his operations. A slight skirmish between them and the Turks took place in the beginning of Nov. near Belgrade.

French troops are at Anklam, waiting the determination of the king of Sweden on a proposition relative to the neutrality of Swedish Pomerania.

A few days anterior to the 17th of December, 70,000 men passed thro' Berlin on their way to Poland.

A national gendarmerie is organizing throughout the conquered Prussian states, to protect the high roads, insure the arrival of subsistence, and cause persons and property to be respected.

The annual fair at Leipzick was to be held as usual.

It is announced that the French have commenced the bombardment of Danzig. This town is one of the richest and most considerable of the north of Europe.

Burr's project (extracted from an American paper) is mentioned in the Paris papers.

Several ships of the line are going to be fitted out in the greatest haste at Copenhagen. The ramparts of the citadel have had cannon planted on them lately, and the guards are doubled, as are those in the harbor.

The following article evinces that the imperial decree is not intended to include private property:

"General Clarke, governor-general of the Pussian conquered provinces, has, in concert with the intendant-general of finances, given orders to the particular commandants and intendants to take off the seals which had been laid provisionally on the sequestered merchandize at Magde-

burg, Stettin, Custrin, and Frankfort, on the Oder, which merchandize being private property, is not comprehended in the decree of the 21st of Nov."

Arrived, schooner Hope, Dawson, 14 days from Havana. Left there 16th ultimo, brig Hunter, Rider, Baltimore, to sail in 4 days; ship Margaret, Clark, do. in 5 or 6 days; Little Mary, Waters, do. uncertain; Shepherdess, Carr, do. 10 days; schooner Good Intent, Ratnett, do. 8 or 9 days; Merchant, Bigby, do. 5 days; brig Comet, Crow, Portland, 20 days; Eliza and Mary, Barlow, N. York, first wind; Syren, Veacock, Philadelphia, 10 days; ship Vigilant, Collins, Boston, just arrived; brig Warren, Coggershall, do. do.; brig Abby and Sally, Sheldon, Providence, 5 days; schooner Traveller, Griffin, New-York, 20 days; brig Union, Dunham, Boston, just arrived; Hannah and Henry, do. do. ship Augustus, Endicott, Salem, uncertain. Of Cape Henry, spoke schooner Harriot, of Baltimore, bound to St. Bartholomews.

SHIP NEWS.

Port of Alexandria.

The ship William & John, capt. Woodhouse, sailed from Kingston for New Orleans, on the 26th of January.

The ship, Venus, captain Stephens, of this port, detained and sent into Jamaica some time since, has had her trial—Cargo condemned—vessel cleared, and was to sail for home in a few days.

The Norfolk Packet, captain Palmer, will sail on Thursday next.

For London,

The substantial, fast sailing

NEW SHIP

MOUNT-VERNON,

J. COGGERSHALL, Master;

Will sail the 10th instant. For passage,

having excellent accommodations, apply to

the Master on board at Merchants wharf, or to

Phineas Janney.

March 4. d7t

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next will be sold at the Vendue Store,

On a credit of three months for approved and negotiable notes, a likely young house servant about 22 years of age, with her two children, one of 4 years of age, the other about four months.

P. G. Marsteller.

March 3. d

Advertisement.

BY an order of the County Court of Fauquier, we the subscribers are appointed commissioners for selling the building of a Goal for said county forty feet by sixteen in the clear, eighteen feet pitch, with a passage below and above, to be built of brick or stone—This is therefore to give notice, that proposals will be received [to be lodged with Wm. Horner] until Saturday the 25th of April next; and if none should be agreed upon on that day, we shall proceed to let said building to the lowest bidder, on Monday following, being court day.

William Horner, George B. Pickett, Wm. Edmonds, jr. Thornton Buckner, Wiley Roy,

Fauquier Court-House,

February 23. [28] 2aw25th A

NOTICE.

IN pursuance of a law passed at the last general assembly of Virginia, authorizing the establishment of a TOLL BRIDGE across Great-Hunting-Creek, the commissioners therein named will attend at the house of John Gooding, in Fairfax county, on the 9th day of March next, and open books of subscription for raising the capital sum of twelve thousand dollars, in shares, as pointed out and authorized by the said law.

February 26. eo

Wanted to Hire,

ABOUT THIRTY HANDS and several Horses and Carts. For terms apply to Jonathan Scholfield, of Alexandria, or Charles Stewart, of Fairfax Court-house, Virginia.

Feb. 24. 2aw2w

To Sell or Rent,

Sundry LOTS in Alexandria—Also several in the city of Washington. For terms apply to

Sarah Porter.

February 14. 2aw

TUITION.

THE subscriber returns his most grateful thanks to the inhabitants of this town and its vicinity, for their patronage and liberality towards him, and begs leave to inform them, respectively, that he continues to teach SCHOOL at his Academy, on King-street, opposite Mr. George Deneale's, where will be taught as usual, Reading, Writing and Arithmetic, Common, Vulgar, and Decimal; Geometry, Trigonometry, plain & spherical; Surveying, Book-keeping, Mensuration, Navigation, &c. Young Gentlemen desirous of becoming acquainted with any of the above arts, will meet with due attention from

George W. Carlin.

March 2.

Just now published,

AND FOR SALE

By ROBERT GRAY, Bookseller, in King-

street,

A NEW WORK,

Entitled

GEOGRAPHICAL COMPILATION

For the Use of Schools.

Being an accurate description of all the Empires, Kingdoms, Republics and States in the known world, with an account of their population, government, religion, manners, literature, universities, history, civil divisions, ecclesiastical hierarchy, principalities, (with an account of their importance, remarkable monuments, illustrious citizens, commerce and population, &c. &c. &c.)

The whole arranged in a catechetical form, compiled from the best American, English, and French authors. By D. L. C. teacher of geography.

In this compilation will be found several interesting and new particulars concerning the latest transactions in Europe, Asia and Africa; with a long and accurate description of the United States and Spanish America. Also a description of the most famous of the ancient nations, as Palestine or Judea, Greece, Italy, Gaul, &c. &c.

This work is printed on a handsome type, on elegant paper, neatly bound and lettered; in two vols. 12 mo. Price \$2 50 cents.

This book has obtained, been approved and subscribed to by the President of the United States, by the Secretary of State, by the Directors of Colleges of Union at Schenectady, in the state of New-York, of George-Town, and of St. Mary, in Baltimore; in which last institution, as likewise the ladies seminary of Mrs. LaCombe, and of Mr. Bacanois, in Baltimore; of Mrs. Rivard, and Mrs. Greland, in Philadelphia; and of Miss De St. Memmi, in Burlington, New-Jersey, it has been adopted, to the exclusion of all other treatises of geography. It has also obtained the subscription of the most respectable part of the citizens of Philadelphia, New-York, Baltimore, and of the state of New-Jersey. This makes the author entertain the flattering prospects of seeing his labor rewarded by the suffrage of a liberal and enlightened public, who doubtless will encourage a work which has been sanctioned by so many able citizens in the Union, and for which no trouble has been spared to render it at the same time instructive and agreeable.

Delectando, pariterque Monendo.

Horat, de Arte poetica.

March 2.

co3tlaw4w*

Rope for Sale.

THOMAS GRIMSHAW, At his ROPE STORE, King street, a few doors west of the house of the late Mr. Davey Davy, has on hand, an assortment of WHITE ROPE, consisting of

LEADING LINES,
BED CORDS,
TRACE ROPE,
FISHING LINES,
CHALK LINES,
MILL and WELL ROPE,
of all sizes—

With all kind of Rope excepting Tarred Rope—all of which he will sell low by wholesale or retail.

February 28.

co3t*

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY, this morning early, an apprentice to the shoe-making business, named JAMES BUTLER—He is about 19 years old, slim made, grey eyes, brown hair, down look, much freckled; took with him sundry clothing. The above reward will be given for apprehending said apprentice, if taken within 10 miles of Alexandria, and a proportionate reward and all reasonable charges if taken at a further distance.

March 2.

Charles Pascoe.

3lawf

TO RENT,

A CONVENIENT two-st FRAME HOUSE lately occupied by Mark Butts situate in Duke, between Water and Union streets, next door to Thomas Preston's. Apply to

January 7.

Mark Butts, or Thomas Preston.

co

WILL BE SOLD OR LEAS-

ED, ON GROUND RENT,

For a term of Years, or for ever,

A NUMBER OF VALUABLE AND ELIGIBLY SITUATED BUILDING LOTS, in this Town—on Fairfax, Cameron, Water, Union and Princess streets. They will be laid off to accommodate purchasers. Application may be made to William Herbert, Esq. or to the subscriber near Patuxent Iron-works, Prince George's County, Maryland.

February 12.

John C. Herbert.

2awf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber intending to decline business in this place, takes this method of calling upon all those who are indebted to him for payment; and such as do not come forward before the 24th of next month, their accounts will be placed in the hands of a proper person for collection.

My own debts must be paid; therefore an apology for this call is unnecessary. Any claims not liquidated are requested to be presented, as all honest ones will meet with attention so far as in my power.

I HAVE ON HAND

A quantity of DRY GOODS, the price of which I will make very low to any person that will purchase the whole.

I have also on hand,

A general assortment of Groceries and Liquors as usual.

February 24.

George Clementson.

co1w2aw2w

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of Davey and Mills, was dissolved on the 17th instant—and William A. Mills is solely authorised to settle all accounts of the late firm.

January 23.

William N. Mills,

Surviving Partner of Davey and Mills.

co3f

William N. Mills,

CONTINUES to carry on the Grocery & Flour Business, in the house formerly occupied by Davey and Mills—

And has just received,

2500 weight Firkin Buter, In complete order for shipping.

January 23.

co3f

Coach-Making.

REA AND TAYLOR, LATE OF NEW-YORK, Respectfully inform their Friends and the Public,

THAT they have commenced the above business at the shop formerly occupied by W. T. Peck, in Royal-street, near Gadsby's hotel, where they propose carrying it on in all its various branches, on the most reasonable terms, for cash. They flatter themselves the experience they have acquired in the principal cities in the United States, will secure them public patronage, which will be thankfully received and punctually attended to.

February 2.

co

FOR SALE,

A WELL finished three story BRICK HOUSE and LOT, on King-street, the most commercial street in town and in the center of it.

A well finished two story Brick House and Lot, on Duke-street, near the river.

A Lot of Ground a short mile above town, containing five and one eighth acres, near the river.

Twelve hundred and eighty acres of military Land, in the state of Tennessee, on Obey's river, a branch of the Cumberland river.

A tract of Land containing 510 acres, in Greenbrier county, Virginia.

Also, a very convenient and well finished Brick House and Lot, in George-Town, with Brick Stable, Coach House, &c.

Also, a two story Frame House and Lot, in George-Town, and Bake House—the lot is 38 feet 4 inches front and 107 feet deep.—A part payment will be expected down, and a liberal credit given for the balance.

If the George-Town property is not sold by private sale, it will be offered at public sale, on the first Monday in May next.

January 22.

Samuel Craig.

2aw

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of John Lightfoot, late of the county aforesaid, deceased:—ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 21st day of July next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate.—And all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 21st day of January, 1807.

January 21.

Elizabeth Lightfoot, Adm'r.

Samuel Lightfoot, Adm'r.

2aww

Richard Lee & Son,

SENSIBLE of the many favors conferred on them by an enlightened community beg permission to return them their sincere acknowledgments, and solicit them for a continuance of the same.

As all the efforts of Hannah Lee and her colleagues to ruin our characters and injure the reputation of our medicines, have proved abortive, we should think it degrading to ourselves and insulting to the public to pursue the contest into which we have been reluctantly dragged. Here we will drop the subject, leave her to enjoy the consolation her rapid Billingsgate language in her last advertisement is capable of affording, and simply ask those who may have occasion to purchase medicines of the following description, to give ours a trial, under a full confidence that every new trial will corroborate the long established public opinion of their being genuine.

THE FOLLOWING MEDICINES SOLD BY NICHOLAS HINGSTON,

At his China, Glass, Queen's-Ware and Freed Store, Fairfax street, facing Messrs. Rickert's and Newton's.

Each article has on the outside wrapper, the signature of

Richard Lee and Son,

Without which none are genuine.

Lee's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

This medicine, which is as innocent & mild as it is certain and efficacious in its operation, cannot injure the youngest infant, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders.

From the many cases of cures that daily come to our knowledge, we have selected the following:

Messrs. Richard Lee & Son, You are at liberty to publish the astonishing cure performed by your Lozenges on my son, 10 years old, who was afflicted with fevers, pain in his side, and a continual head-ache, which reduced him so low that he was unable to sit up. One of my neighbors advised me to use your Lozenges, which has had the happy effect of restoring him to a better state of health than he has enjoyed for several years, in the short space of seventeen days.

JOHN KELLEY, Pitt-street.

Messrs. Richard Lee & Son,

My son, five years old, has for some time past been very unhealthy, having fevers, head-ache, and loss of appetite. Hearing of the many cures performed by your Worm Lozenges, I was induced to give them a trial. The effect was beyond my expectation, as a large quantity of small worms was expelled; hundreds of them was alive for some time after.

JOHN KENNEDY, Potter-street.

Baltimore, Jan. 4th, 1807.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious & Malignant Fevers, is recommended

Lee's Anti-bilious Pills.

Prepared by Richard Lee & Son, Baltimore. The operation of these Pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

Messrs. Richard Lee & Son,

The high opinion I have of your Bilious Pills, and a desire to make known their utility for the benefit of mankind, I wish you to publish the following:

For two months past, I have been afflicted with a violent sickness at the stomach, an inclination to vomit, and loss of appetite—by taking two doses of your pills, I am restored to a perfect state of health—which induced my wife to try them also, which was attended with the same good effects, being now able to attend to her domestic concerns: in my opinion, this medicine is unequalled in stomach and bowel complaints, not being attended with that griping pain, common to other remedies.

JOHN SCOTT,

Delaney-street, near Columbia Garden.

LEE'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, catarrh's of the throat, and approaching consumptions.

Lee's Grand Refractive,

Proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of nervous disorders, consumptions, lowness of spirits, loss of appetite, impurity of blood, hysterical affections, inward weaknesses, violent cramps in the stomach and back, indigestion, melancholy, gout in the stomach, pains in the limbs, relaxations, involuntary emissions, obstinate gleets, flour albus (or whites) impotency, barrenness, &c.

Infalible Ague and Fever Drops, For the cure of Agues, remittent and intermittent Fevers.

Lee's genuine Effence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, palsy, lumbago,

bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c.

Lee's Sovereign Ointment for the Itch,

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with the most perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever.

Lee's Genuine Eye-Water, A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or accident.

Lee's Genuine Persian Lotion. LEE'S DAMASK LIP SALVE. TOOTH ACHE DROPS.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

THE ANODYNE ELIXIR, For the cure of all kinds of head-ache.

Restorative Powder for the Teeth & Gums. The Indian Vegetable Specific, For the cure of Venereal complaints.

January 21.

Notice is hereby given, THAT all persons who may be found trespassing on the land belonging to C. W. Valangin, situated on the Potomac River, near Alexandria, below the mouth of Mol Frost's Run, and extending to a line belonging to Mr. Peter Sheron's, nearly at the lower extremity of the Pocomo: and from thence back from the river to the north branch of Little Hunting-Creek, will be prosecuted to the extent of the law in such cases provided.

February 23.

C. W. Valangin.

2aw2w

PUBLIC SALE.

TO BE SOLD, on the premises, on MONDAY, the 6th day of April next,

The Lots of Ground, with the Improvements, now occupied by Mr. Hugh Smith, together with the whole remaining part of the said two Lots, containing half a square, save 42 feet 6 inches on Royal, and 112 feet on Queen-street, decided to and now in the occupation of John Mandeville.

The said Lots bounded on the south by the lots formerly belonging to the late William Ramsay; on the east by Royal-street, on the north by Queen-street, and on the west by Pitt-street. One third of the purchase money to be paid down; the remainder in 1, 2, or 3 years, as may suit the purchaser. A deed of trust and bond will be required to secure the payment of principal and interest thereon, annually. If any person wish to contract by private sale, previous to April, they may apply to John Longden, who is authorised to bargain for the same. If the property be not sold it will be leased on ground rent for ever, on very low terms.

February 25.

2aw2w

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell about fifteen and an half acres of Land, within half a mile of Alexandria, situate on the south side of the line leading from Mr. Hodgson's dwelling to the poor house, and directly opposite that building. Although this property from its situation must soon become valuable, it will be sold low for cash, or good negotiable paper at ninety, one hundred and eighty, and two hundred and seventy days. Apply to JAMES IRVIN, or myself

January 28.

Robert Adam.

co3f

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers, of Fairfax county, in the state of Virginia, have obtained from the Orphans' court of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of Henry Zimmerman, late of the county first aforesaid, deceased: ALL PERSONS having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them with the vouchers thereof to the subscribers, on or before the 28th day of July next ensuing, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate.—And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment.—Given under our hands this 28th January, 1807.

January 20.

Eliza Zimmerman, Adm'r.

John Zimmerman, Adm'r.

2aw3w

For Sale,

BETWEEN three and four hundred acres of PRIME LAND, lying on the new turnpike road, about 22 miles from Alexandria. This tract is well watered, well timbered, with some excellent meadow on it, and much more may be made.—One hundred acres are in wood. Apply for terms to Robert Powell, in Alexandria, or the subscriber near the premises, Fairfax county, Virginia.

February 16.

Richard Bland Lee.

law3f

PRINTED DAILY BY

SAMUEL SNOWDEN.

Vol. V

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